



Enabling Civilian Low-Altitude Airspace and Unmanned Aerial System (UAS) Operations

By

Unmanned Aerial System Traffic Management (UTM)

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Outline

- Main message
- Airspace classification
- Notional scenario
- UAS operator perspective
- UTM design
- UTM builds
- Call for collaborative tests
- Summary



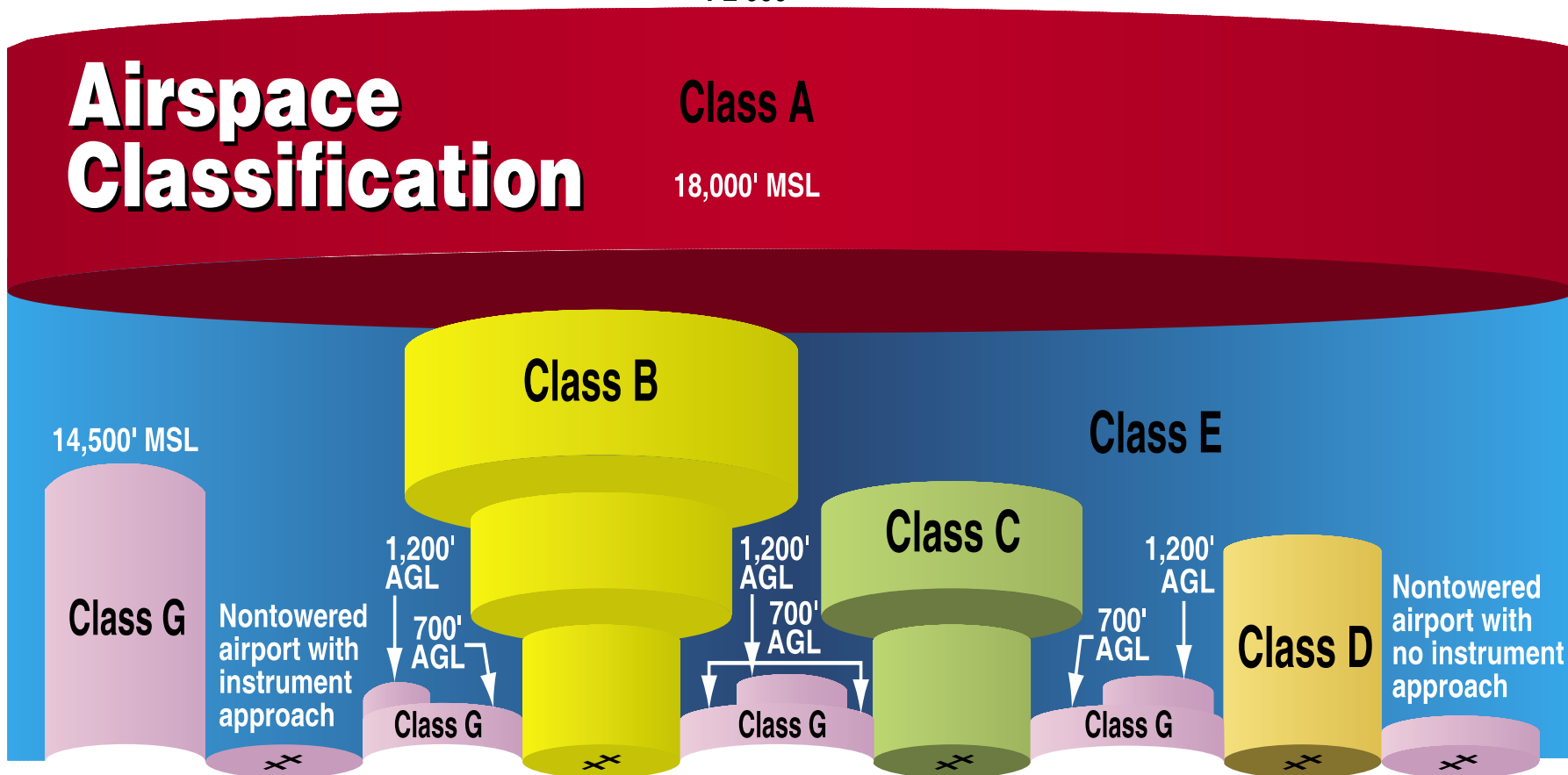
Main Message

- UTM focuses on low altitude UAS and airspace
- UTM development is on-going
- Solid response by stakeholders to participate in UTM tests
- Sense and avoid would be important aspect of UTM testing
- Please respond to RFI on UTM Federal Business Opportunities if you are interested in participating in the tests

FedBizOps and UTM (solicitation number UTM09032014)

Airspace Classification

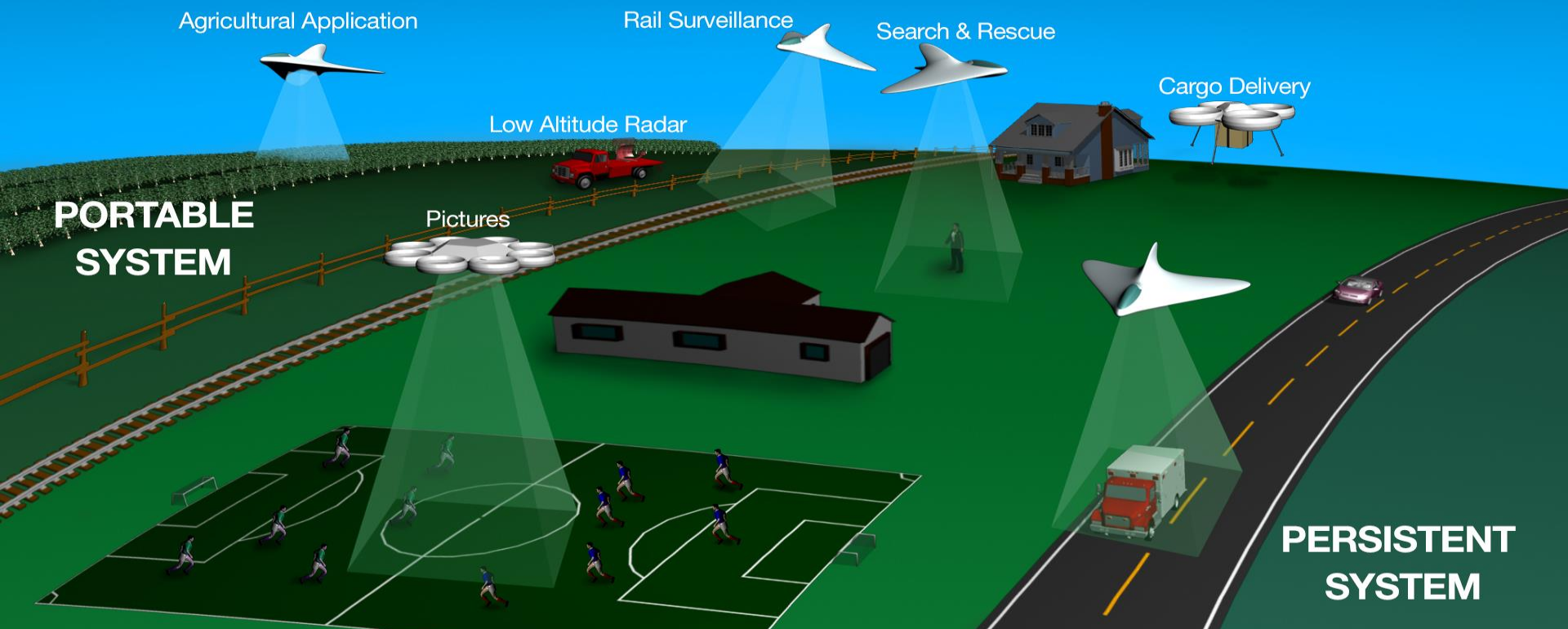
FL 600



Source: Pilot's Handbook of Aeronautical Knowledge, FAA

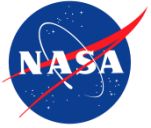
UTM Applications

NOTIONAL SCENARIO

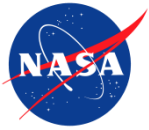


- **Near-term Goal** – Enable initial low-altitude airspace and UAS operations with demonstrated safety as early as possible, within 5 years
- **Long-term Goal** – Accommodate increased UAS operations with highest safety, efficiency, and capacity as much autonomously as possible (10-15 years)

Operator Perspective: Low-altitude Airspace Operations



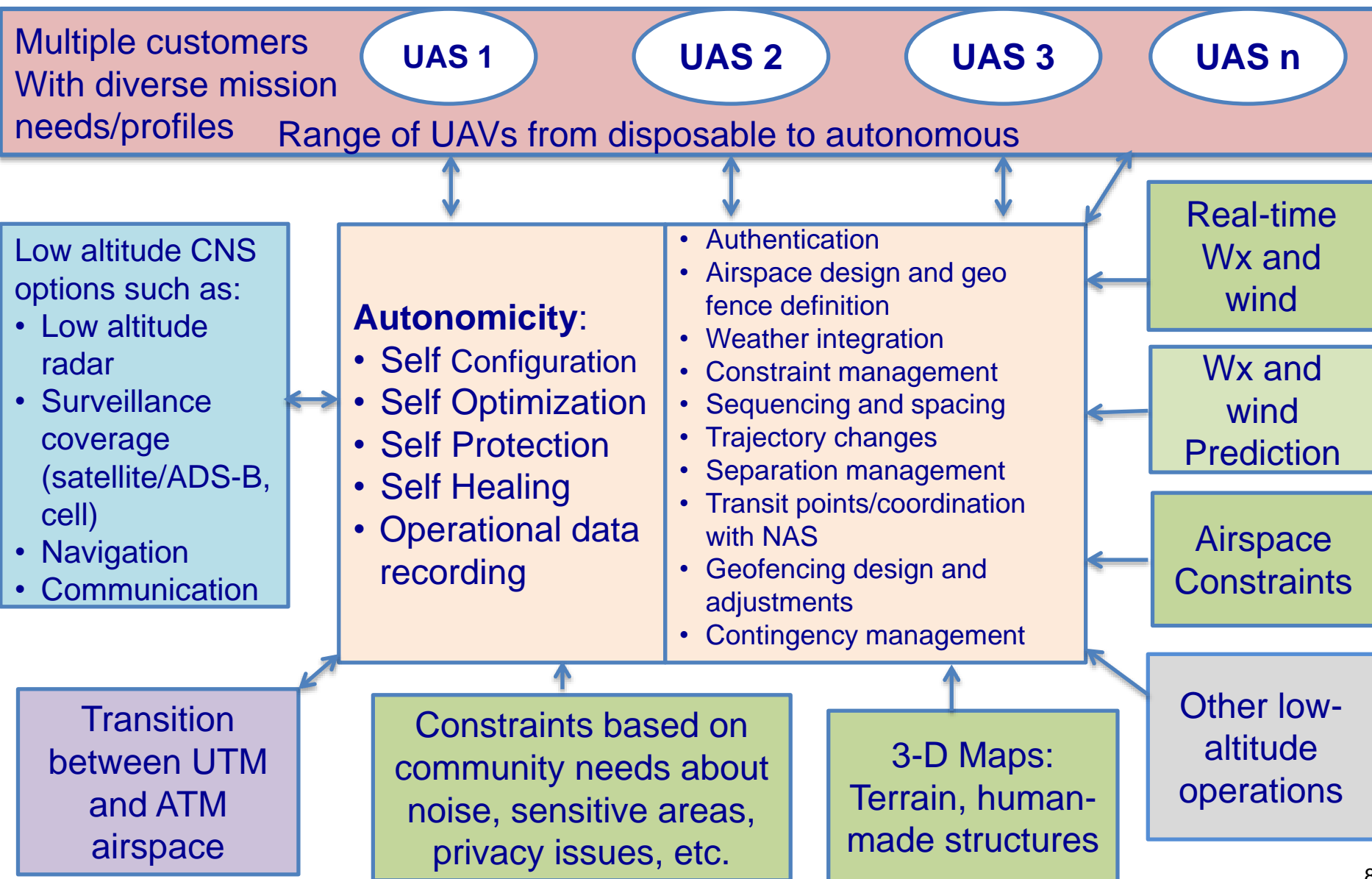
- Is airspace open or closed now and in the near-future?
- Which airspace they can operate, which airspace they should avoid?
- Will there be anyone else in the vicinity?
 - UAS, gliders, helicopters, and general aviation
- What should I do if I need to change my trajectory?
- How to manage a contingency?
- Who should operate the airspace and how?



UTM Design Functionality

- UAS operations will be safer if a UTM system is available to support the functions associated with
 - Airspace management and geo-fencing (reduce risk of accidents, impact to other operations, and community concerns)
 - Weather and severe wind integration (avoid severe weather areas based on prediction)
 - Predict and manage congestion (mission safety)
 - Terrain and man-made objects database and avoidance
 - Maintain safe separation (mission safety and assurance of other assets)
 - Allow only authenticated operations (avoid unauthorized airspace use)
- Analogy: Self driving or person driving a car does not eliminate roads, traffic lights, and rules
- Missing: Infrastructure to support operations at lower altitudes

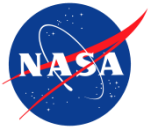
UTM – One Design Option





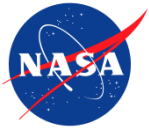
UAS User Access to UTM

- Cloud-based: user accesses through internet
- Generates and files a nominal trajectory
- Adjusts trajectory in case of other congestion or pre-occupied airspace
- Verifies for fixed, human-made, or terrain avoidance
- Verifies for usable airspace and any airspace restrictions
- Verifies for wind/weather forecast and associated airspace constraints
- Monitors trajectory progress and adjust trajectory, if needed (contingency could be someone else's)
- Supports contingency – rescue
- Allocated airspace changes dynamically as needs change



UTM Manager

- Airspace Design and Dynamic Adjustments
 - Right altitude for direction, geo-fencing definition, community concerns, airspace blockage due to severe weather/wind prediction or contingencies
 - Delegated airspace as the first possibility
- Support fleet operations as well as singular operators (analogy - airline operations center and flight service stations)
- Overall schedule driven system to ensure strategic de-conflictions (initially, overtime much more dynamic and agile)
- Management by exception
 - Operations stay within geo-fenced areas and do not interrupt other classes of airspace operations in the beginning stages
 - Supports contingency management



UTM System Requirements

- Authentication
 - Similar to vehicle identification number, approved applications only
- Airspace design, adjustments, and geo-fencing
 - Corridors, rules of the road, altitude for direction, areas to avoid
- Communication, Navigation, and Surveillance
 - Needed to manage congestion, separation, performance characteristics, and monitoring conformance inside geo-fenced areas
- Separation management and sense and avoid
 - Many efforts underway – ground-based and UAS based – need to leverage
- Weather integration
 - Wind and weather detection and prediction for safe operations

UTM System Requirements

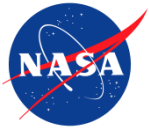


- Contingency Management
 - Lost link scenario, rogue operations, crossing over geo-fenced areas
 - Potential “9-11” all-land-immediately scenario
- UTM Overall Design
 - Enable safe operations initially and subsequently scalability and expected massive growth in demand and applications
 - As minimalistic as possible and maintain affordability
- Congestion Prediction
 - Anticipated events – by scheduling, reservations, etc.
- Data Collection
 - Performance monitoring, airspace monitoring, etc.
- Safety of Last 50 feet descent operation
 - In presence of moving or fixed objects, people, etc.



Near-term UTM Builds Evolution

UTM Build	Capability Goal
UTM1	<p>Mostly show information that will affect the UAS trajectories</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Geo-fencing and airspace design• Open and close airspace decision based on the weather/wind forecast• Altitude Rules of the road for procedural separation• Basic scheduling of vehicle trajectories• Terrain/man-made objects database to verify obstruction-free initial trajectory
UTM2	<p>Make dynamic adjustments and contingency management</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• All functionality from build 1• Dynamically adjust availability of airspace• Demand/capacity imbalance prediction and adjustments to scheduling of UAS where the expected demand very high• Management of contingencies – lost link, inconsistent link, vehicle failure



Near-term UTM Builds Evolution

UTM Build	Capability Goal
UTM3	<p>Manage separation/collision by vehicle and/or ground-based capabilities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• All functionality from build 2• Active monitoring of the trajectory conformance inside geo-fenced area and any dynamic adjustments• UTM web interface, which could be accessible by all other operators (e.g., helicopter, general aviation, etc.)• Management of separation of heterogeneous mix (e.g., prediction and management of conflicts based on predetermined separation standard)
UTM4	<p>Manage large-scale contingencies</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• All functionality of build 3• Management of large-scale contingencies such as “all-land” scenario

Example Interface

Start Date Time

2014-08-20

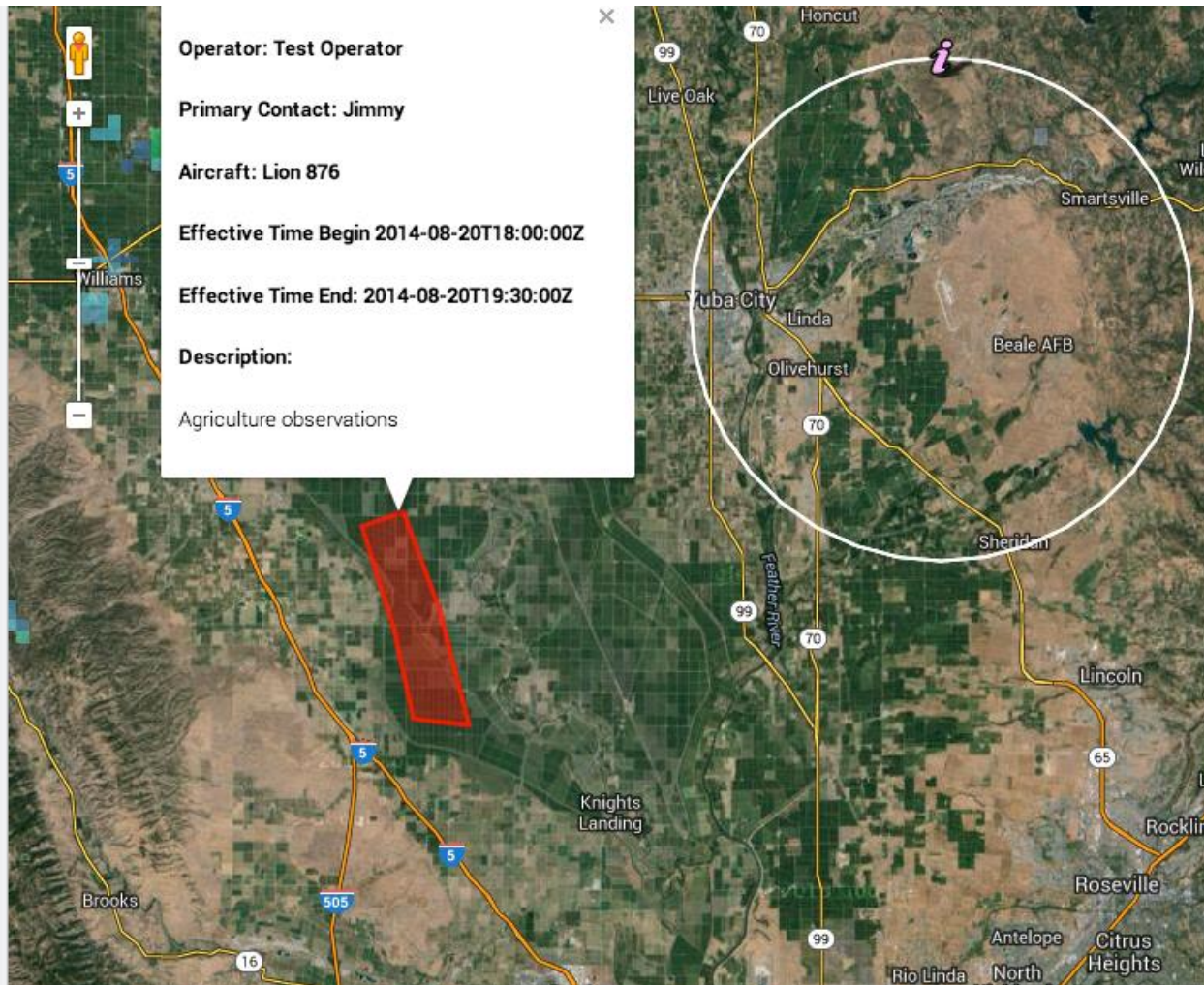
End Date Time

2014-08-20

Load Feature

Load Feature Information

☒ Lion 876 - Test Operator [2014-08-20T18:00:00Z ~ 2014-08-20T19:30:00Z]



Operator: Test Operator

Primary Contact: Jimmy

Aircraft: Lion 876

Effective Time Begin: 2014-08-20T18:00:00Z

Effective Time End: 2014-08-20T19:30:00Z

Description:

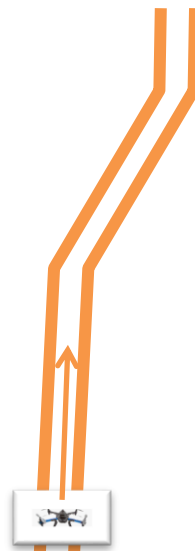
Agriculture observations

Geo-fenced Areas



UAS area of operations geo-fence

Operators may request an area of operation. If granted, a geo-fence is implemented wherein other requests that intersect spatially and temporally with the operation could be denied.



UAS trajectory geo-fence

Operators may request specific trajectory for an operation. If granted, a geo-fence based on the vehicles operating parameters will be created to keep other vehicles within the UTM system from intersecting.



Airspace constraint geo-fence

Airspace that is off limits to UAS operations (airports, TFRs, etc.) will have a geo-fence prohibiting acceptance of plans that intersect.



Collaborative Testing

- UTM will follow spiral builds approach
 - Opportunity for SARP team members to participate
 - Opportunity test SAA capabilities in common conditions to ensure consistently
 - Contact us if you are interested in participating in tests and UTM project
-
- Immediately need miniature, low cost sense and avoid systems
 - Vehicle to vehicle
 - Last/first 50 feet operation: architecture options



Summary

- Near-term goal is to safely enable initial low-altitude operations within 1-5 years
- Longer-term goal is to accommodate increased demand in a cost efficient, sustainable manner
- Strong support for UTM system research and development
- Collaborate with NASA

FedBizOps and UTM (solicitation number UTM09032014)

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Summary

- Near-term goal is to safely enable initial low-altitude operations within 1-5 years
- Longer-term goal is to accommodate increased demand in a cost efficient, sustainable manner
- Strong support for UTM system research and development
- Collaboration and partnerships for development, testing, and transfer of UTM to enable low altitude operations
- Step towards higher levels of autonomy

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